

Homework Assignment #1

(Due: 9/29/20)

[100 points]

Part 1: Written Exercises

1. [15 points] (*Algorithms: Efficiency & Analysis*) Chapter 1: Exercise #4, #25, #30 and #34 & Appendix B: #24 (Remove n in (c) $n T(n) = \dots$)
2. [10 points] (*Divide-and-Conquer*) Chapter 2: Exercise #9 and #20. (Draw the tree like Figure 2.2 and Figure 2.3 in Chapter 2.)
 - a. What is the **worst-case** time complexity of **MergeSort** using $O(n^2)$ time & $O(1)$ space merge? Explain.
 - b. What is the **average-case** time complexity of **QuickSort**? Explain.
3. [10 points] (*Dynamic Programming*) Chapter 3: Exercise #5, #6 and #10 (No need to show all the actions step by step. You may show some intermediate steps and the final answer.)
4. [15 points] (*Advanced Linked Lists & Graphs*)
 - a. Draw the **perfect skip list** that results when you insert items with the keys 19, 6, 26, 9, 2, 12, 25, 7, 21 and 17 in that order into an initially empty perfect skip list.
 - b. Draw the **randomized skip list** that results when you insert items with the keys 19, 6, 26, 9, 2, 12, 25, 7, 21 and 17 in that order into an initially empty randomized skip list.
 - c. Compare the **binary search tree** with the **perfect skip list** and with the **randomized skip list** (regarding the worst-case and average case time complexity of the *search*, *insert* & *delete* operations).
 - d. Compare **depth-first-search** with **breadth-first-search** of graphs. List four types of **shortest path problems** on an edge-weighted directed graph.

Part 2: Programming Exercises*

1. [20 points] (*Dynamic Programming*) Dynamic Programming-based Floyd-Warshall Algorithm for the All-Pairs Shortest Path Problem (Chapter 3: Exercise #8)

You should output the distance array **D**, the path array **P** and the **shortest paths**. Test your implementation using (1) the test case given in class and (2) your own test cases including digraphs with *non-negative* edges only and digraphs with some *negative* edges.

2. [30 points] (*Advanced Linked Lists*) A Self-Organizing Linked List with Move-To-Front & Transpose

Design and implement the Self-Organizing (Unsorted) Singly-Linked List with Move-To-Front & Transpose ADT.

You should include *search* (linear search using no self-organizing heuristic), *search_mtf* (linear search using the *move-to-front* self-organizing heuristic), *search_t* (linear search using the *transpose* self-organizing heuristic), *insert* and *showSOLL*.

The *insert* operation scans the entire list to verify that the item is not already present and then inserts the item *at the end of the list*.

The operation *showSOLL* prints the values in the self-organizing linked list *in a linked list form*.

Test your implementation and compare *search*, *search_mtf* and *search_t* via *showSOLL* using (1) the test case given in class and (2) your own test cases via *showSOLL*.

* **NOTE:**

- Programming in C++ using Visual Studio
- **Pair Programming**
- Deliverables:
 - ✓ **The screenshots of test results for all test cases.**
 - ✓ **The Visual Studio project folder.**

*** End of Homework Assignment #1 ***